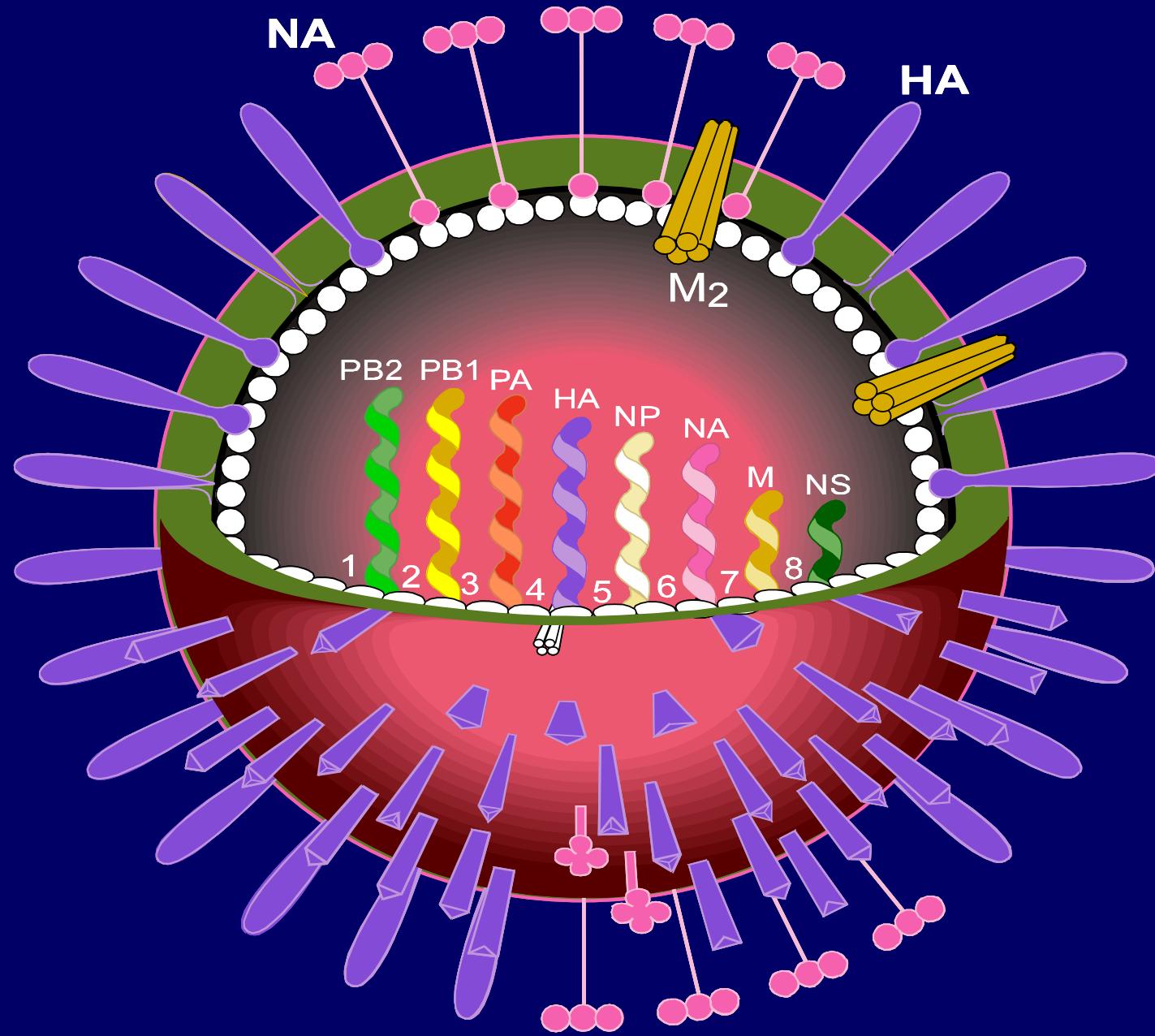
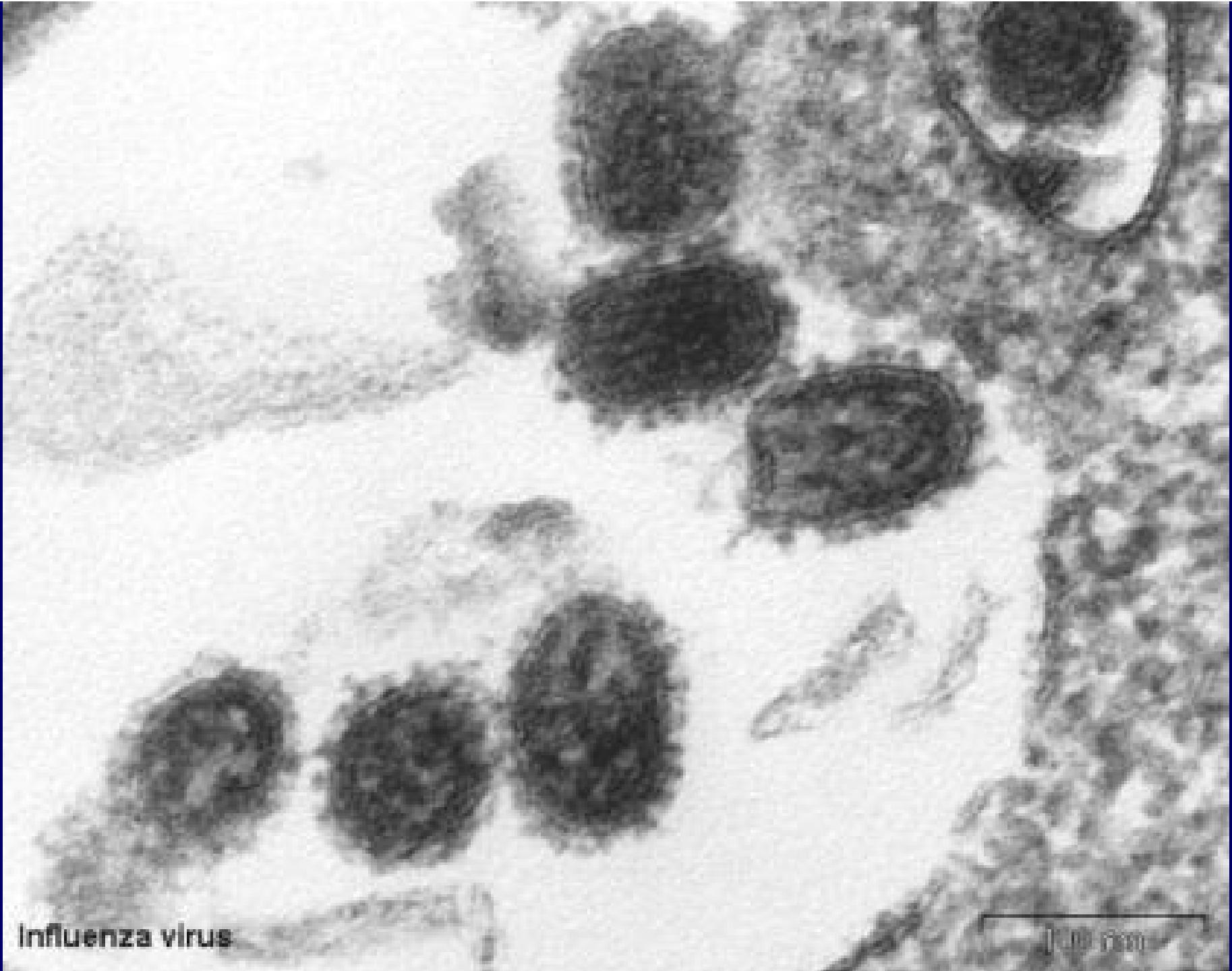


The 2009 Influenza Pandemic Epidemiologic Challenges

*Allison McGeer, MSc, MD, FRCPC
Mount Sinai Hospital
University of Toronto*

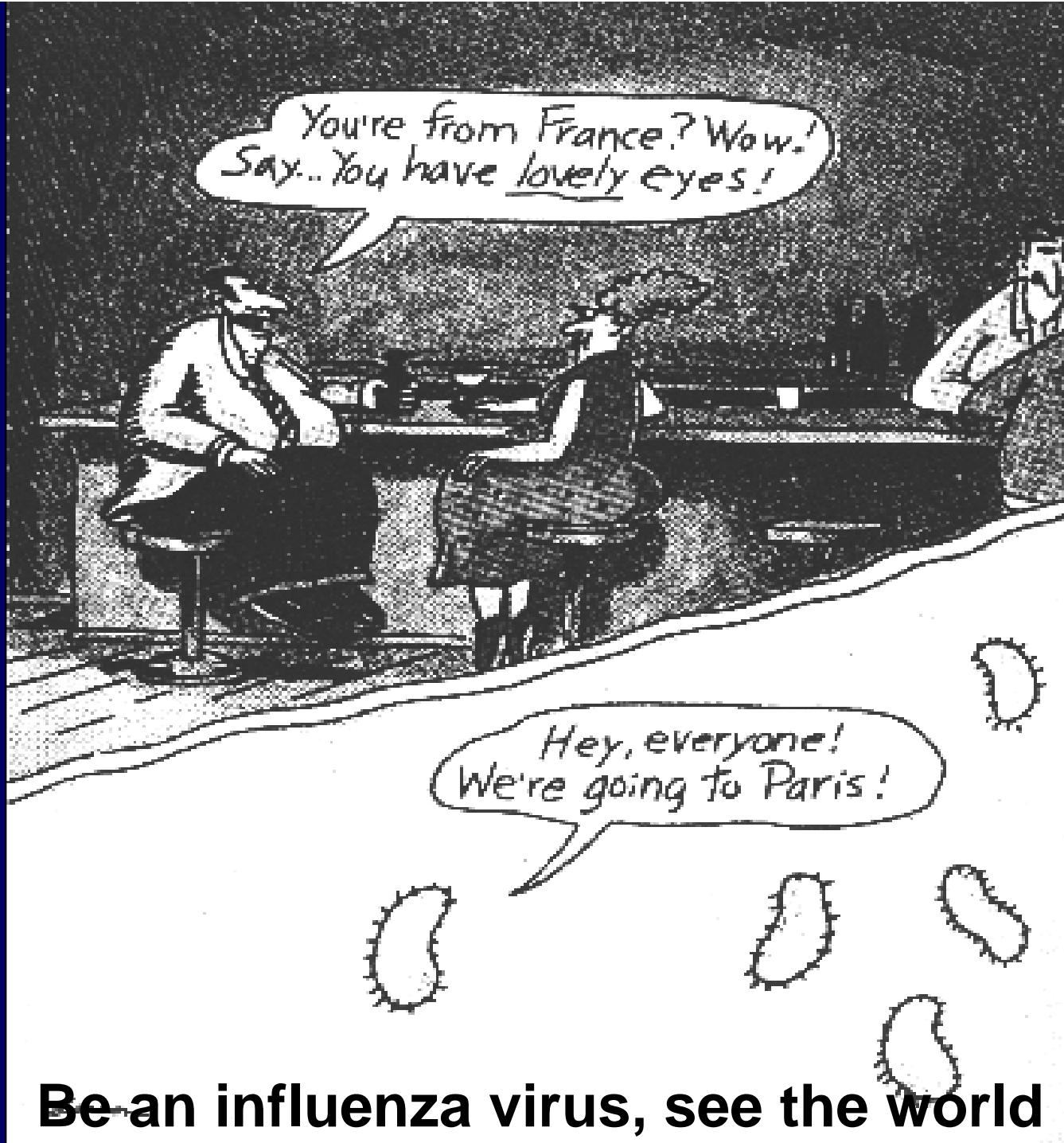


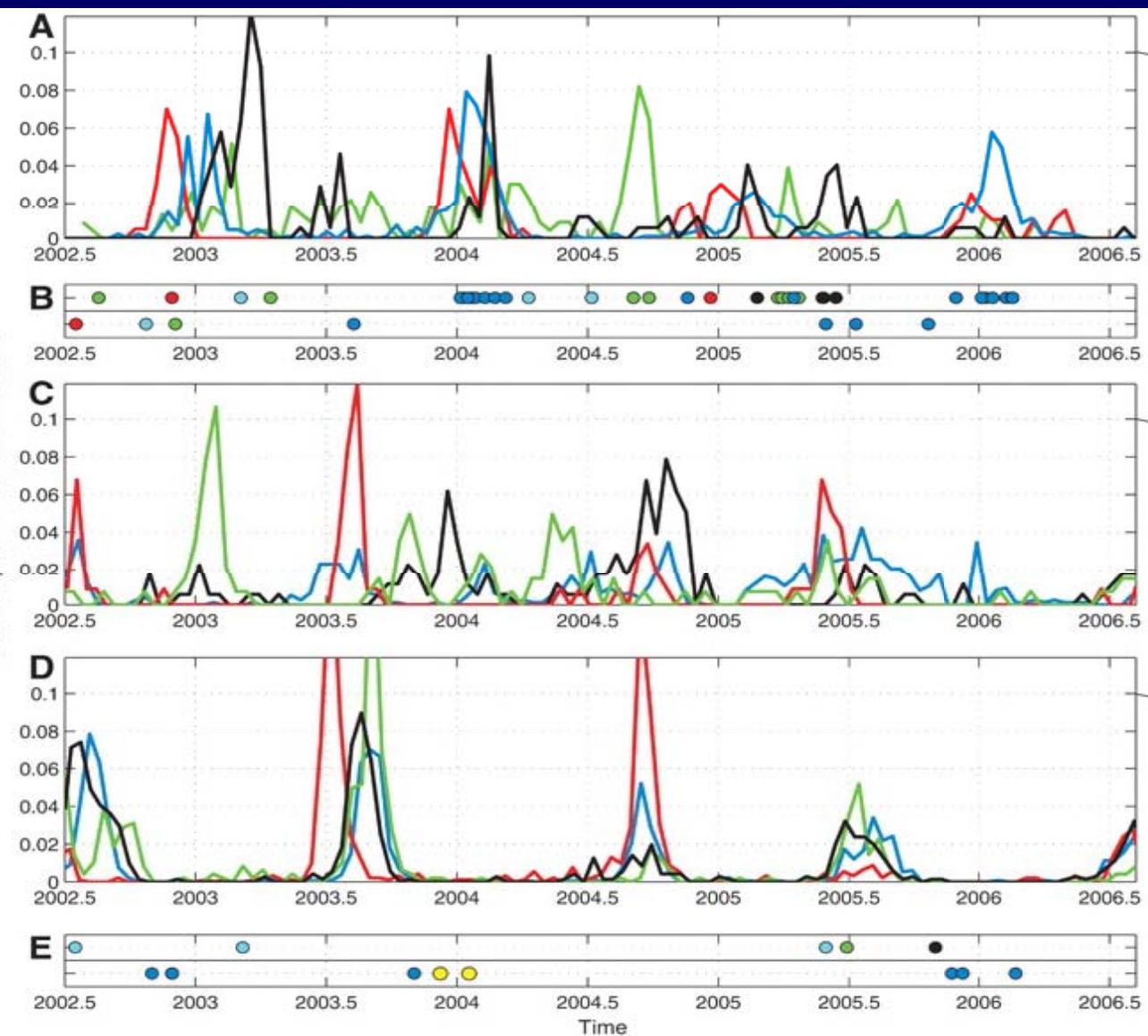


Influenza virus

100 nm

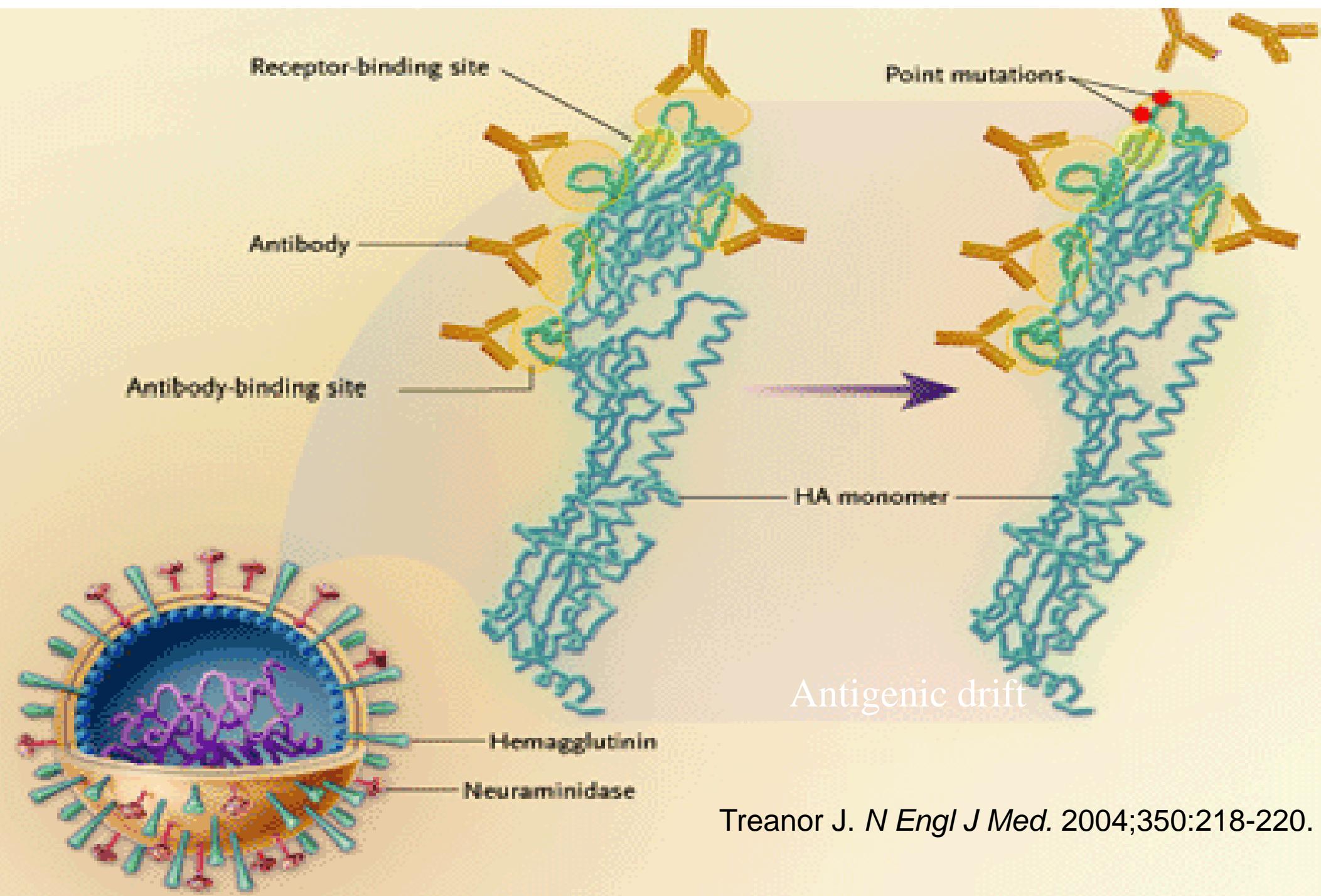




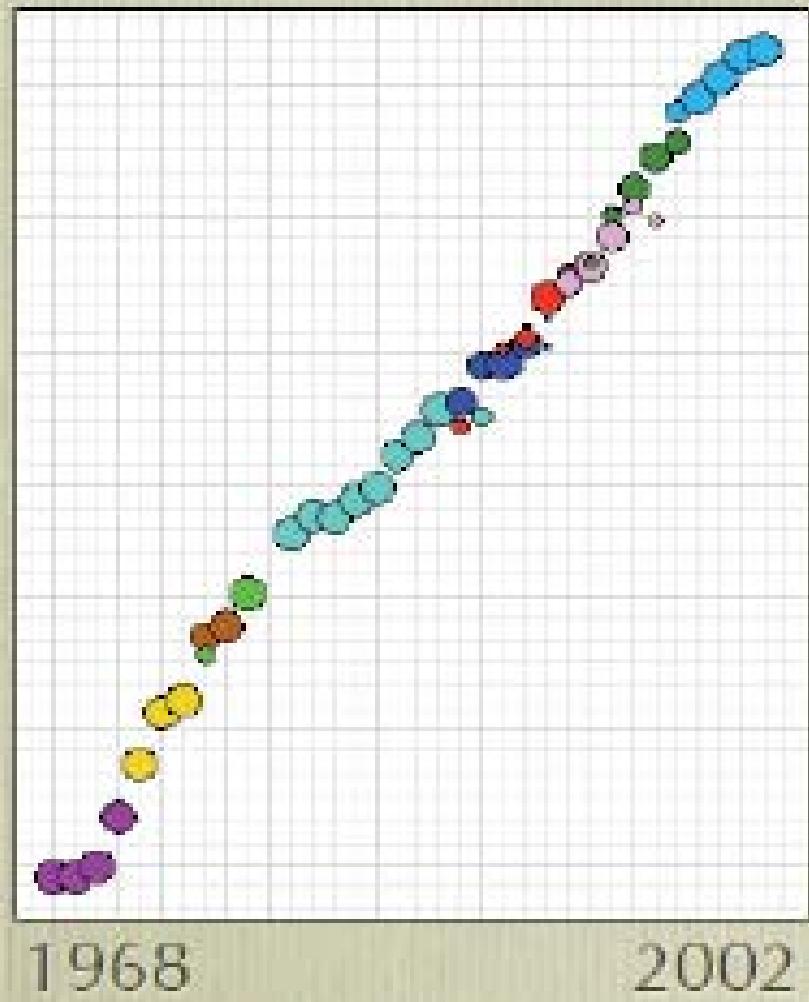


Changes in Influenza Viruses

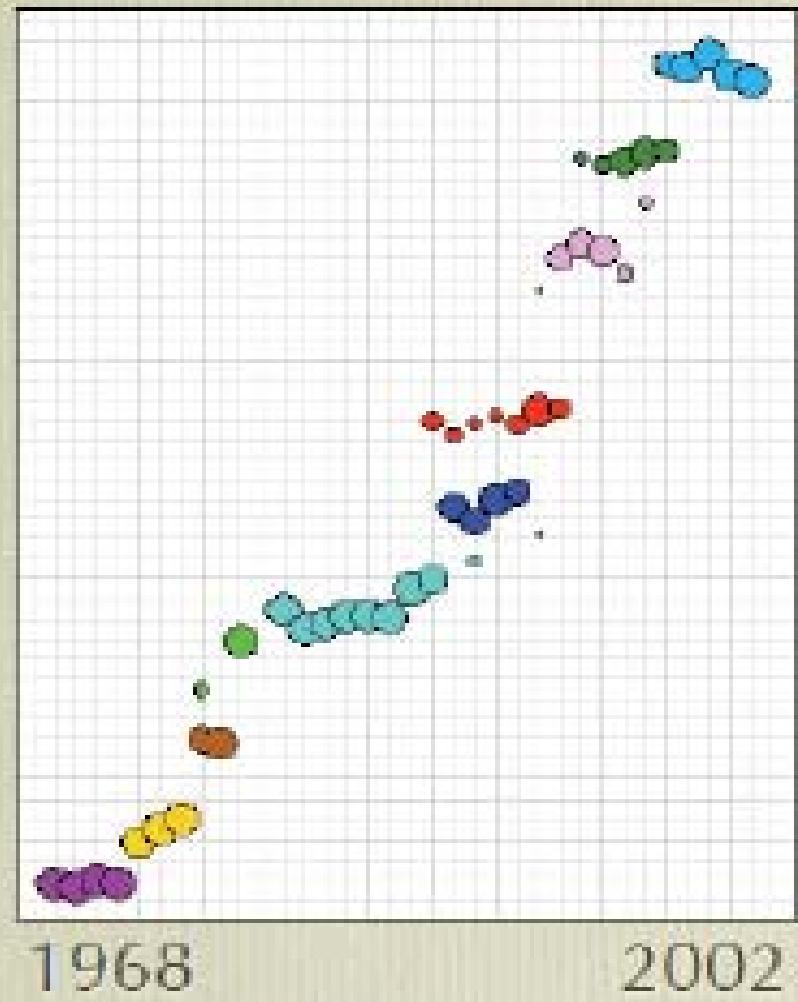
- Minor or Seasonal Changes
 - minor changes in A & B strains, same subtype
 - every year while virus is in humans



Distance from 1968 strain



Genetic vs Antigenic



Smith et al. 2004

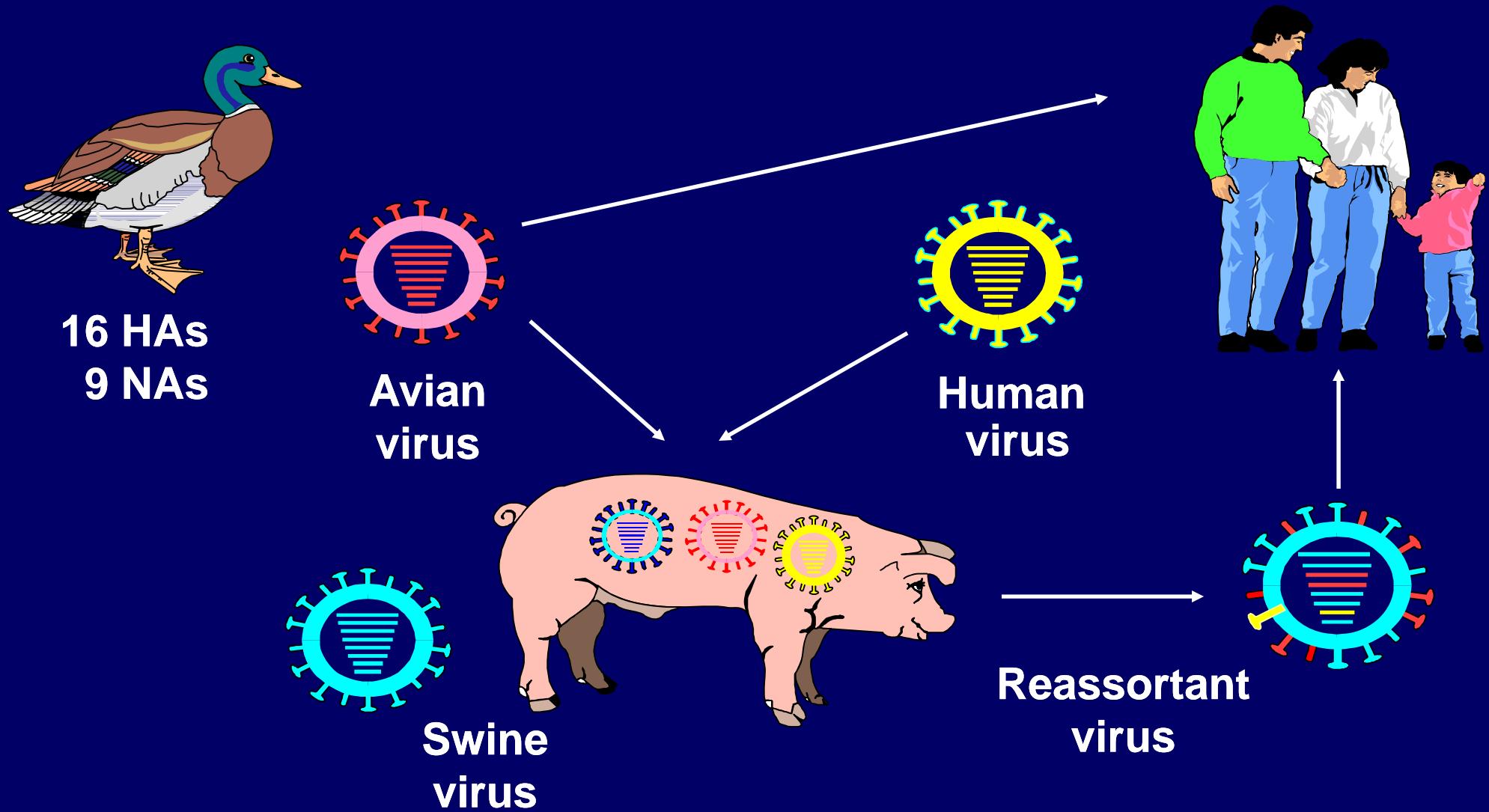
Annual Influenza in Canada (Pop 33M)

- 5 million (1 in 6) infected per year
- ~50,000 hospitalizations
 - 1% of those >65yrs; 0.5% of those <1yr
- 4,000 - 8,000 deaths (10 in children)
- 7% of children get otitis media
- 1.5 million work-days lost

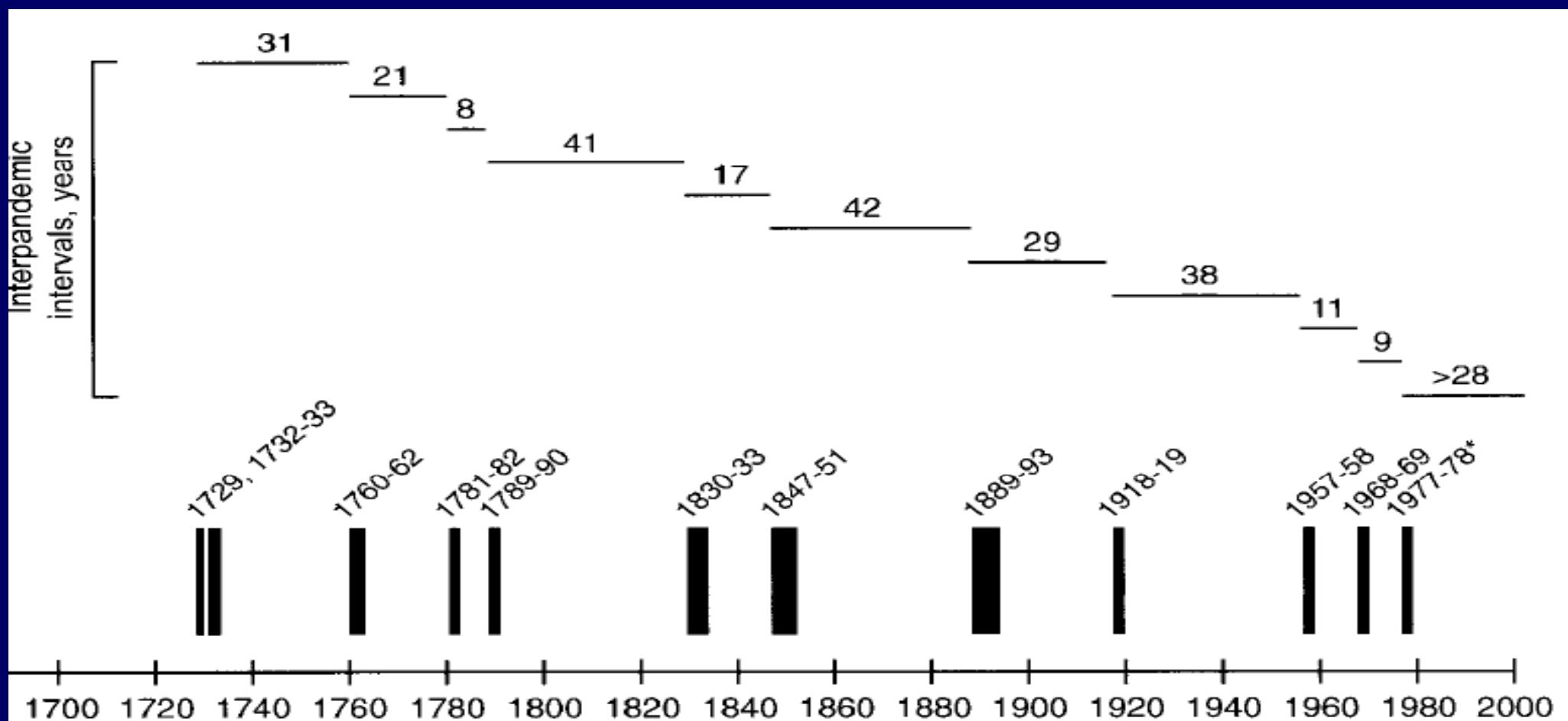
Changes in Influenza Viruses

- Minor or Seasonal Changes
 - minor changes in A & B strains, same subtype
 - every year while virus is in humans
- Major changes
 - swapping of genetic material between avian/animal strains
 - produce new subtype with changed H and/or N
 - population has no immunity to this new virus

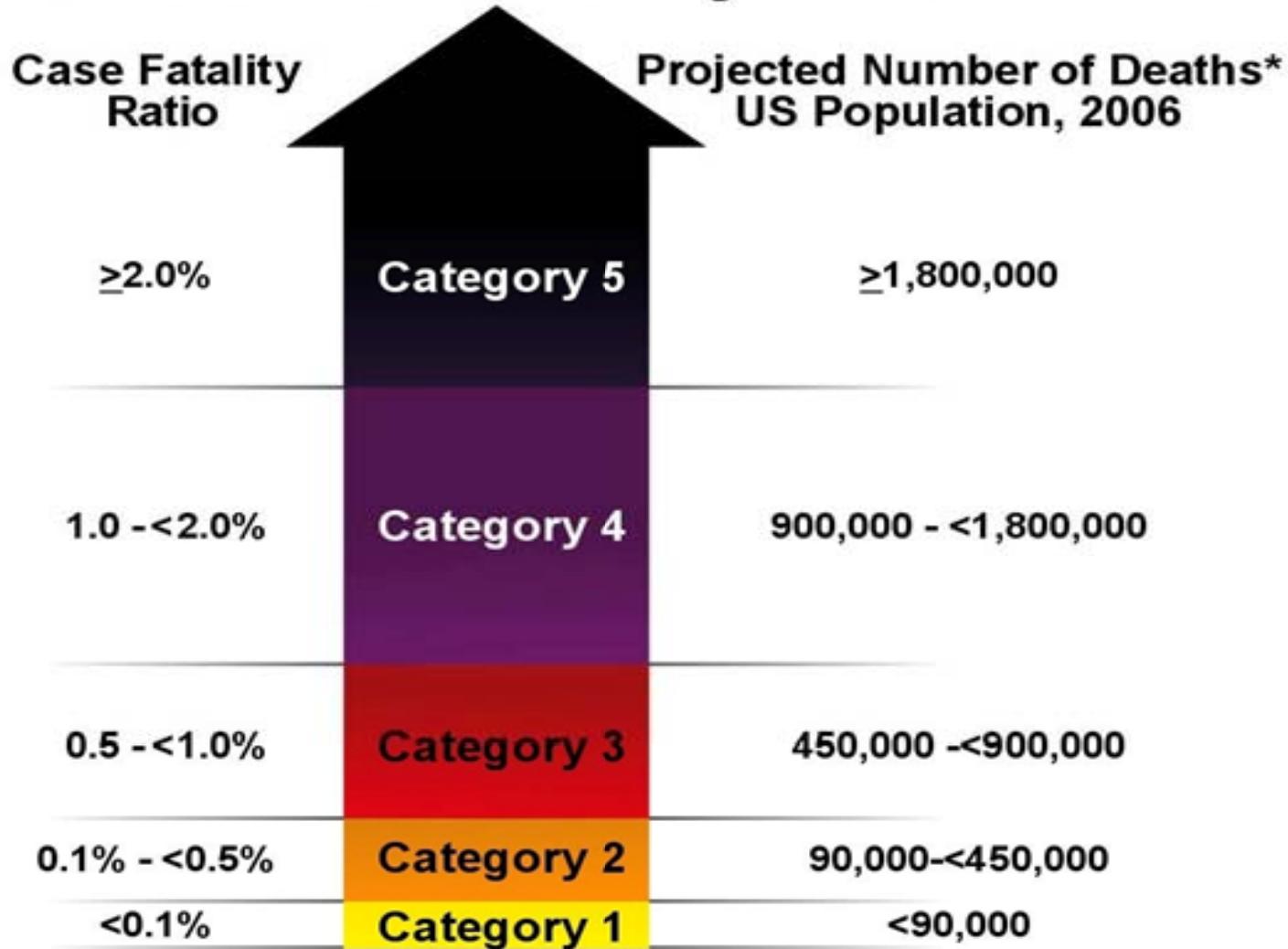
Evolution of New Viruses



History



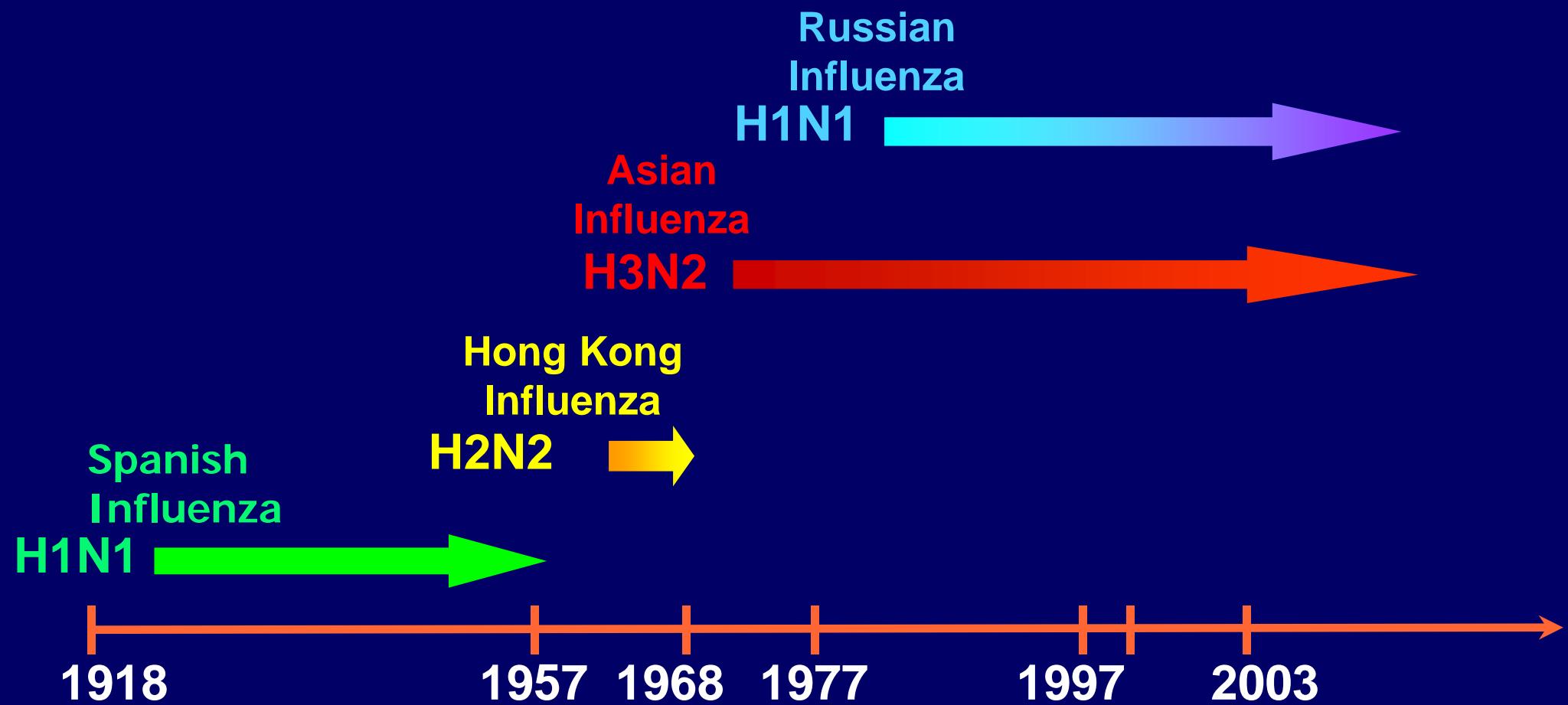
Pandemic Severity Index



* Assumes 30% Illness Rate

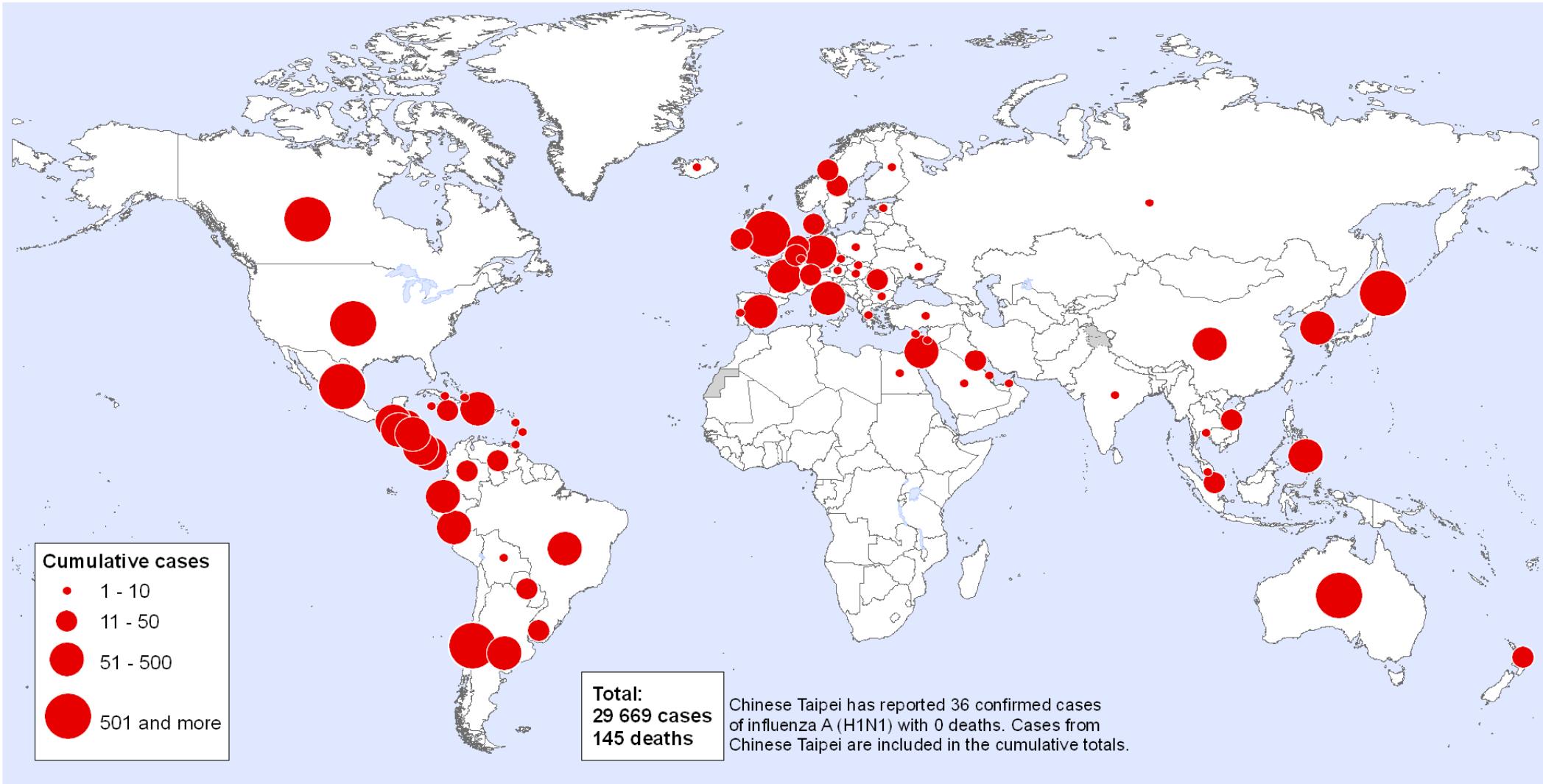


Influenza Pandemics, 20th Century



New Influenza A (H1N1), Number of laboratory confirmed cases as reported to WHO

Status as of 12 June 2009
06:00 GMT



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the World Health Organization concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.

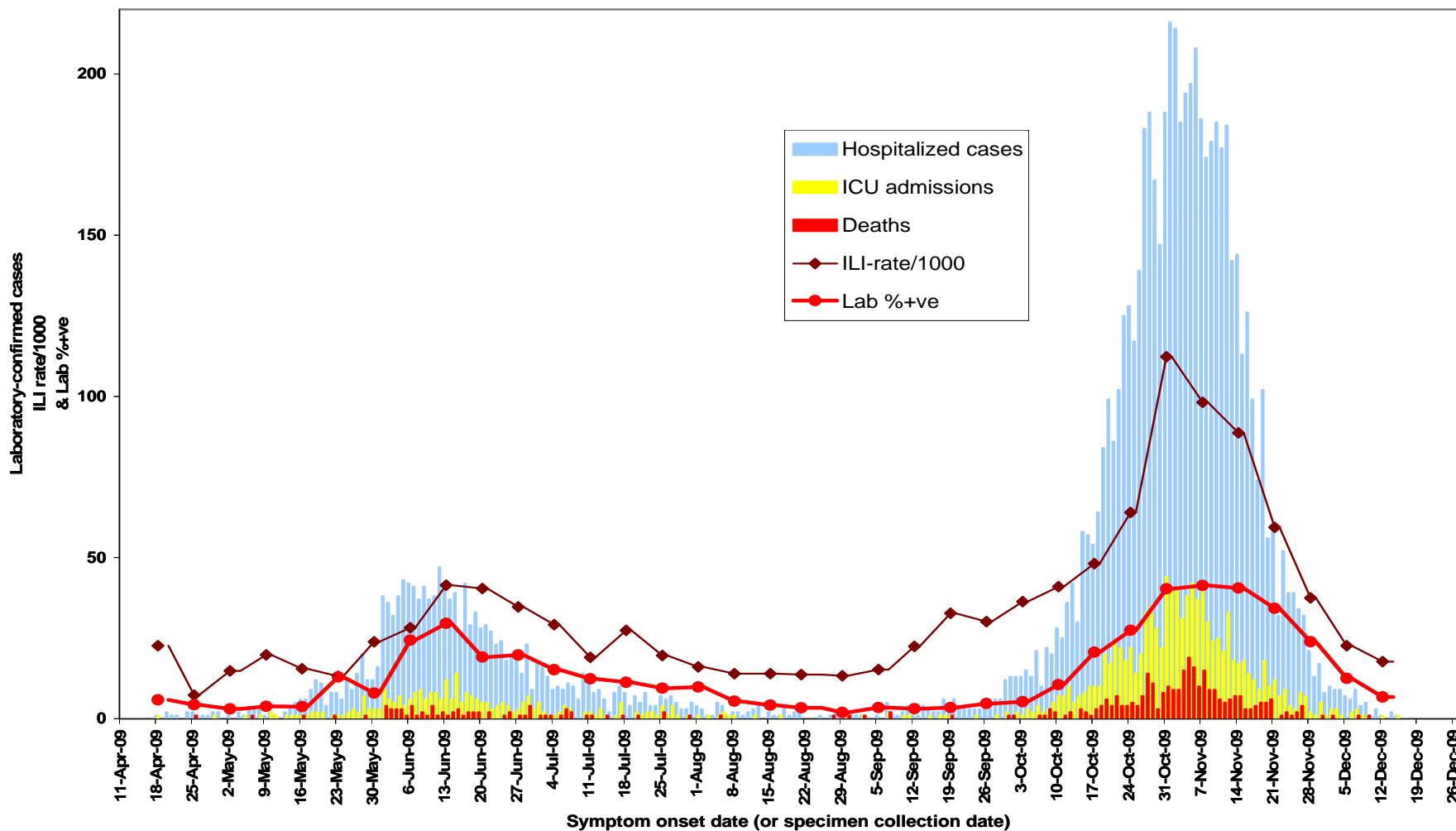
Data Source: World Health Organization
Map Production: Public Health Information and Geographic Information Systems (GIS)
World Health Organization



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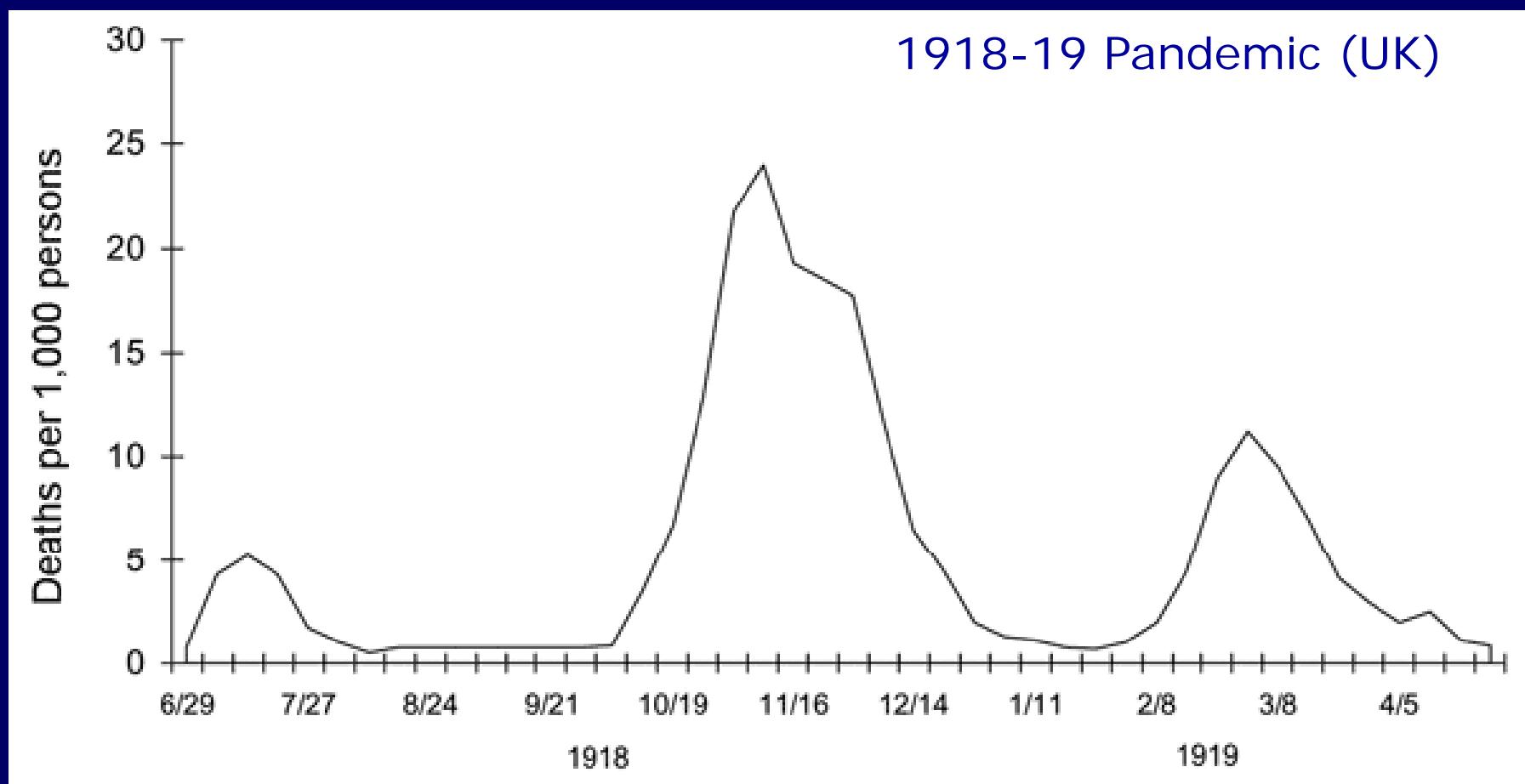
Map produced: 12 June 2009 07:00 GMT

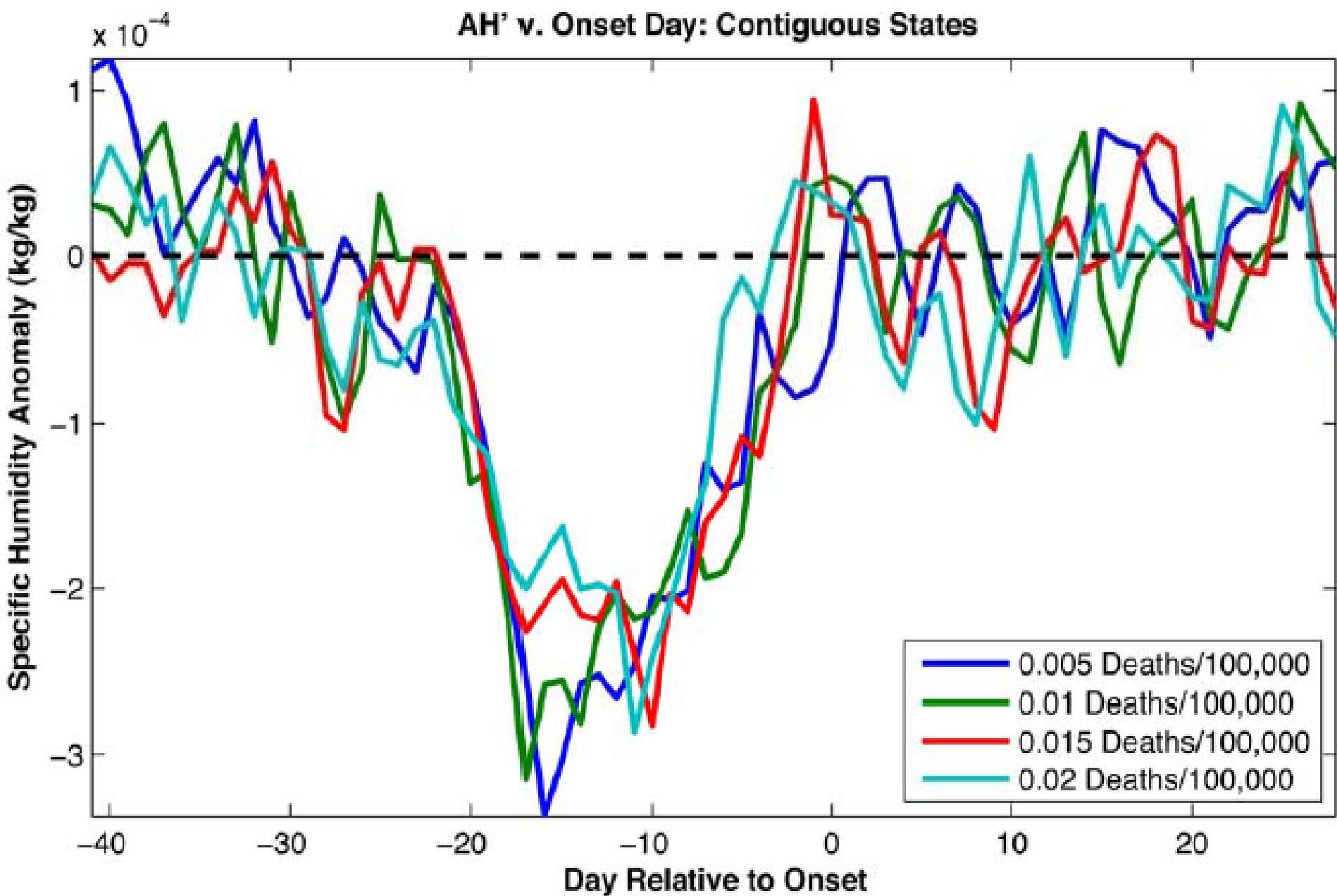
Epidemic curve of pandemic (H1N1) 2009 hospitalized cases, ICU admissions and deaths in Canada by date of onset, as of December 19, 2009*



*Symptom onset date/specimen collection date was available for 98% of hospitalized cases and ICU admissions and 99% of deaths.

Pandemic waves





Lipsitch, PLoS Biology, March 2010

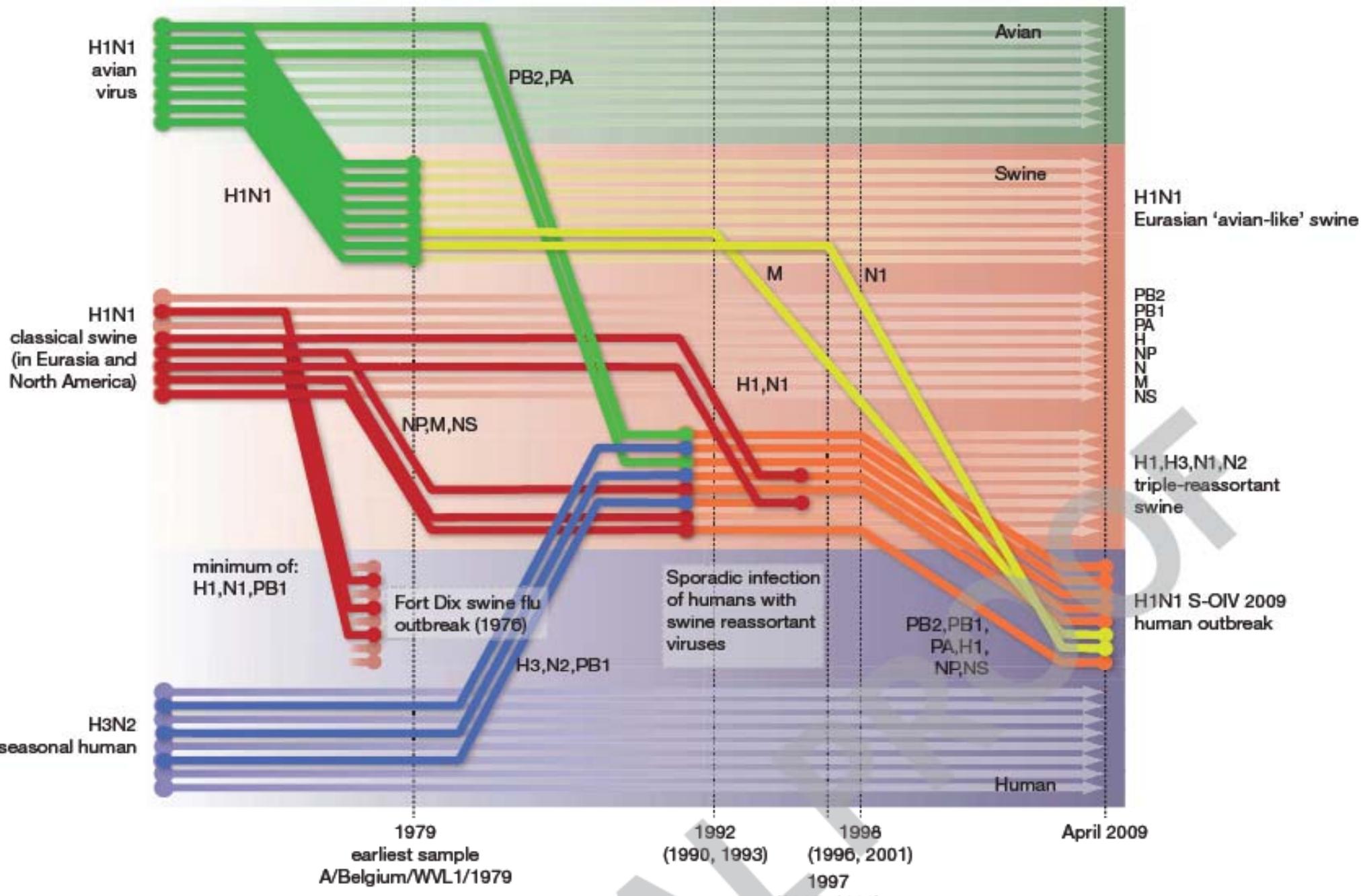
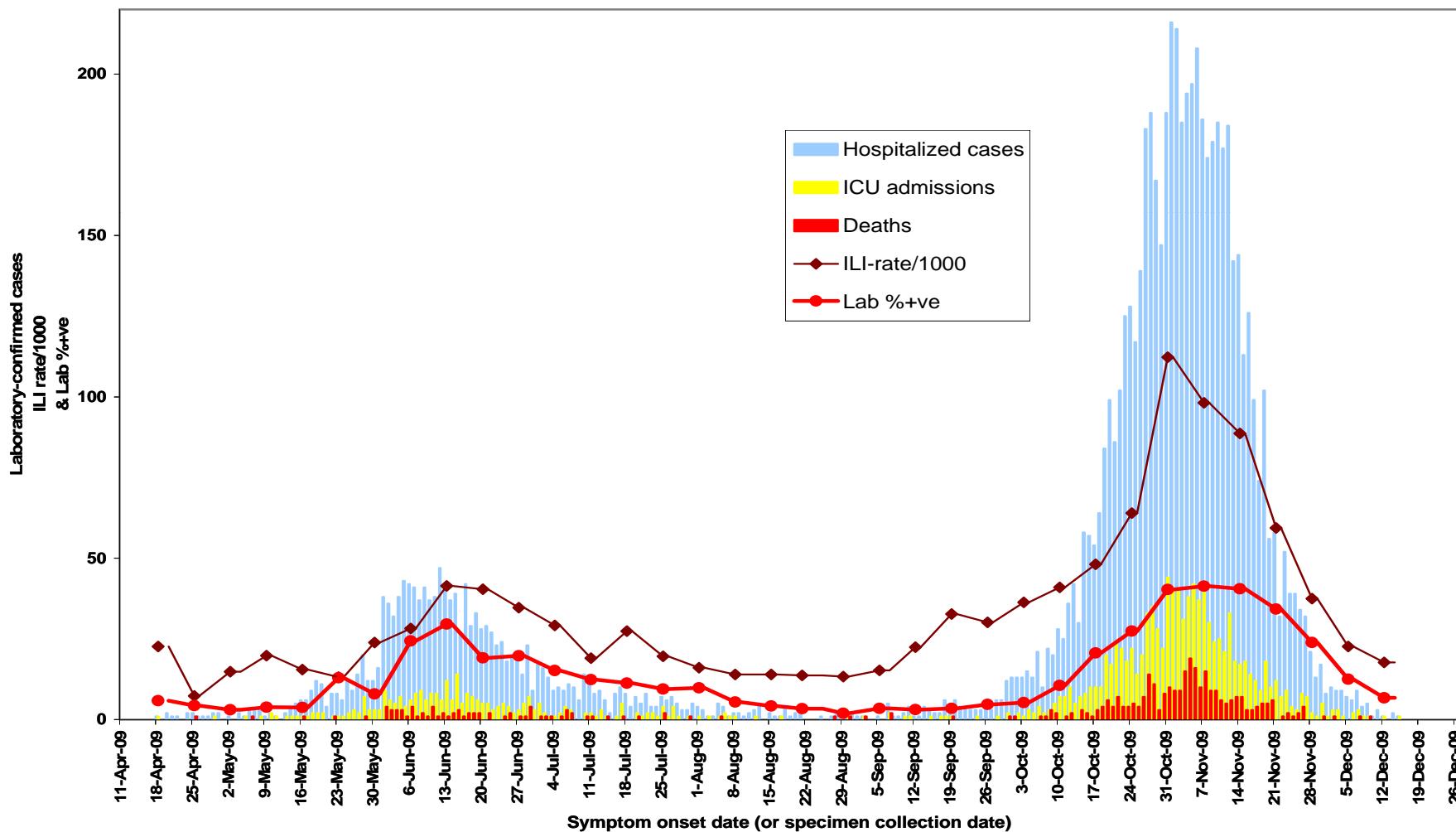


Figure from Smith et al. 2009 *Nature*. In press: doi:10.1038/nature08182.

Epidemic curve of pandemic (H1N1) 2009 hospitalized cases, ICU admissions and deaths in Canada by date of onset, as of December 19, 2009*

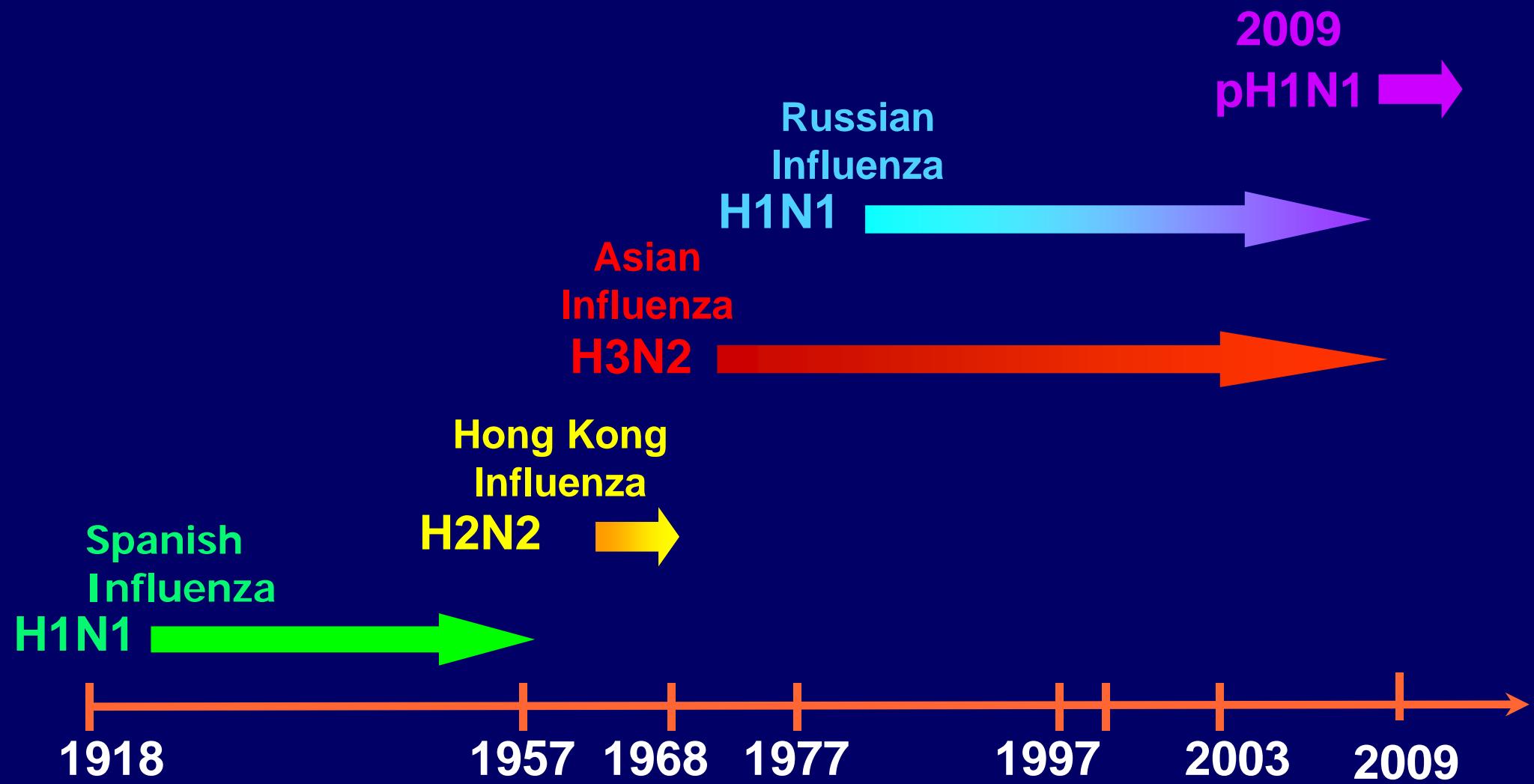


*Symptom onset date/specimen collection date was available for 98% of hospitalized cases and ICU admissions and 99% of deaths.

Did control/mitigation measures work?

- Reducing transmission
 - Japan and first wave
- Early antiviral therapy
 - UK

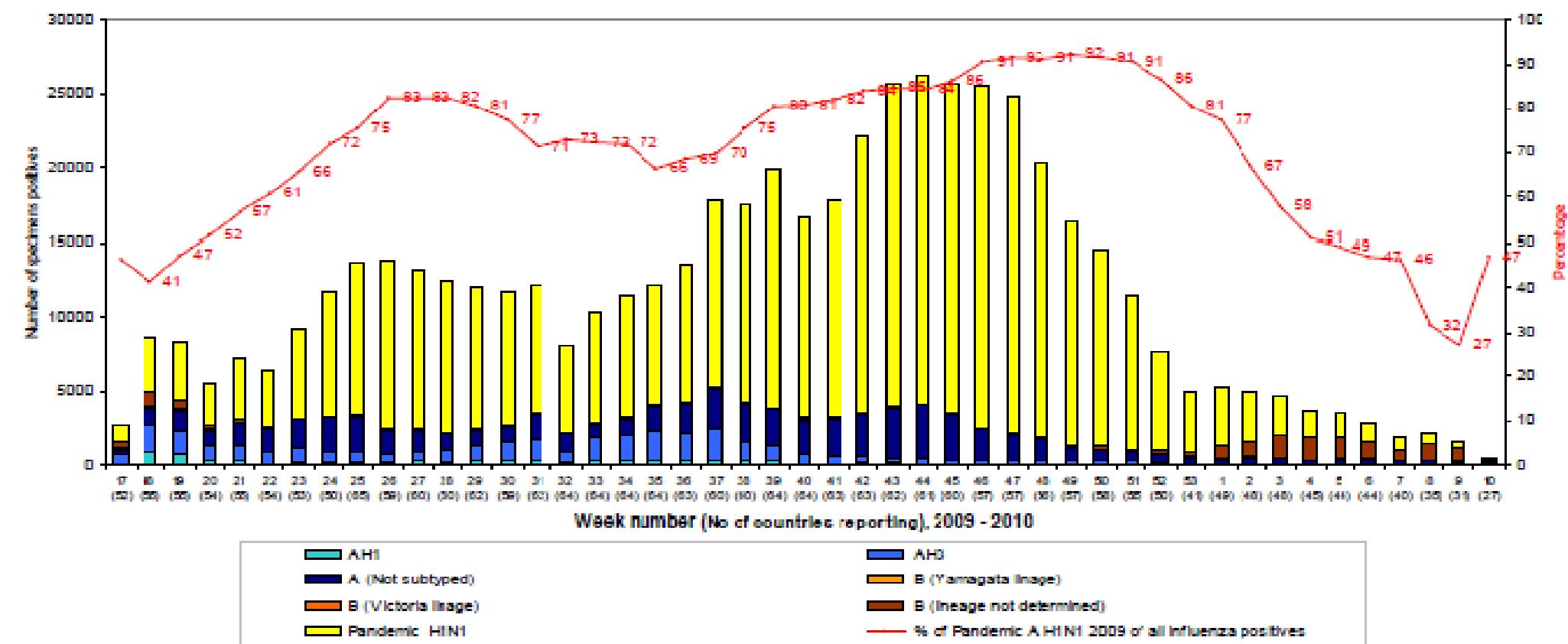
Influenza Pandemics



Global circulation of influenza viruses

Number of specimens positives for influenza by subtypes

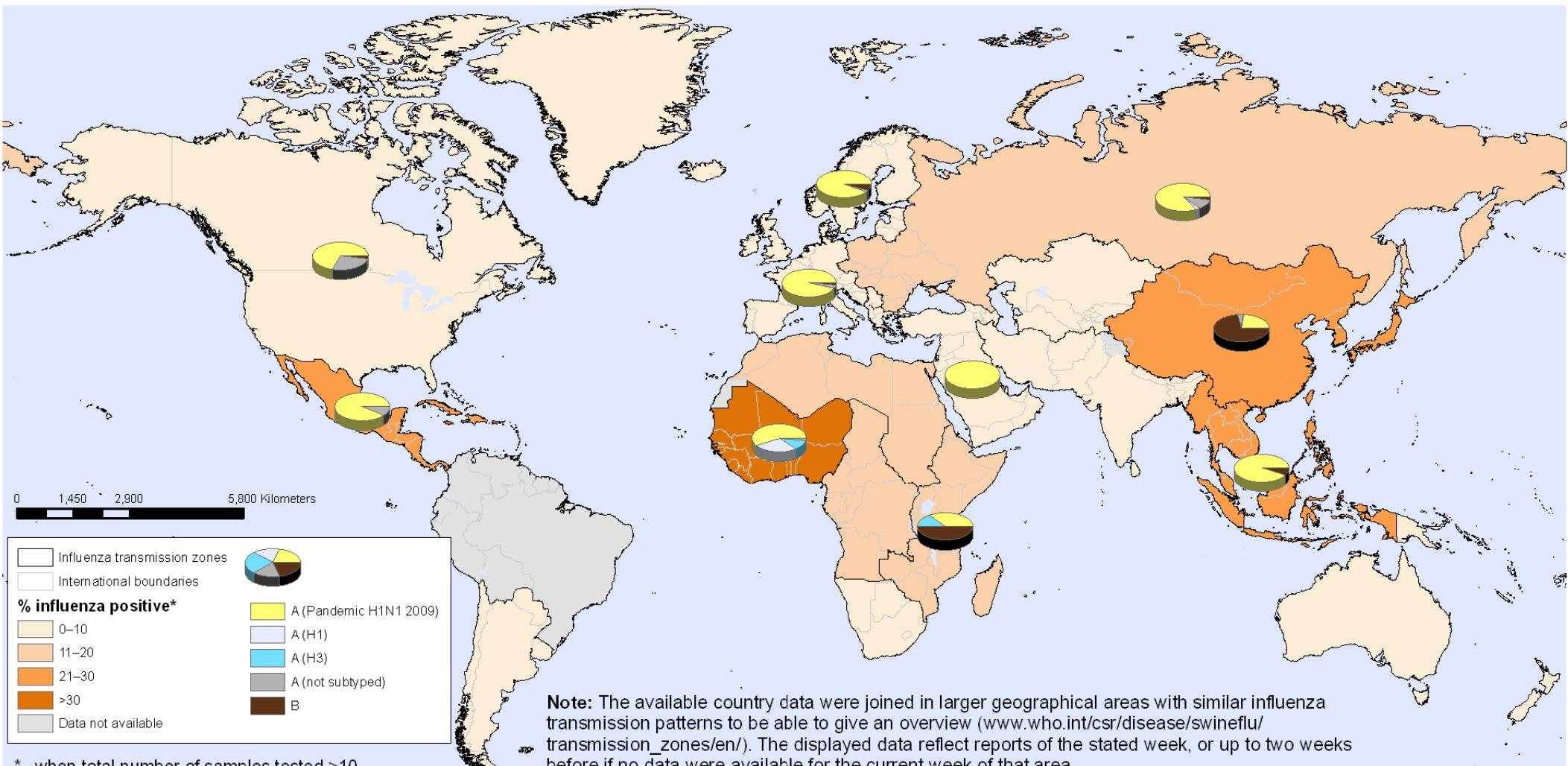
week 17 (2009) - 10 (2010) from 19 April 2009 to 13 March 2010



Data source: FluNet, Global Influenza Surveillance Network (GISN)

Percentage of respiratory specimens that tested positive for influenza

Status as of week 05
31 January–06 February 2010



Note: The available country data were joined in larger geographical areas with similar influenza transmission patterns to be able to give an overview (www.who.int/csr/disease/swineflu/transmission_zones/en/). The displayed data reflect reports of the stated week, or up to two weeks before if no data were available for the current week of that area.
Data used are from FluNet (www.who.int/flunet) regional WHO offices or ministry of health websites.

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the World Health Organization concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.

Data Source: World Health Organization
Map Production: Public Health Information and Geographic Information Systems (GIS)
World Health Organization



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* when total number of samples tested >10

** when influenza positive samples >20